

III Semester:

S. No.	Course Code	Course Title	Category	Type	Credit	L	T	P
1.	22CHT202	Computer Aided Numerical Methods	PC	Theory	4	2	2	0
2.	22CHT204	Fluid Mechanics	PC	Theory	4	3	1	0
3.	22CHT205	Mechanical Operations	PC	Theory	4	3	1	0
4.	22CHT201	Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics-II	PC	Theory	4	3	1	0
5.	22CHT203	Conventional &Alternate Energy Resources	PC	Theory	3	3	0	0
6.	22MST241	Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering [#]	PL/EAS	Theory	3	3	0	0
7.	22CHP206	Fluid Mechanics Lab	PC	Lab	1	0	0	2
8.	22CHP207	Mechanical Operations Lab	PC	Lab	1	0	0	2
		Total			24	17	5	4

^{*}To be taught by the Material Research Centre



SEMESTER – III



1. Subject Code: 22CHT202 Course Title: Computer Aided Numerical

Methods

2. Contact Hours: L:2 T:2 P:03. Credits: 4 Semester: III

4. Pre-requisite: Nil

- 5. Course objective:To learn the different numerical techniques for solving algebraic, ordinary differential, partial differential equations and curve fitting of experimental data.
- 6. Course outcome: Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:
 - i. Apply numerical techniques for solving linear and nonlinear problems, including polynomials, single equation problems, and systems of linear and nonlinear equations
 - ii. Use the regression techniques for linear and nonlinear parameter estimation
- iii. Able to apply the different techniques of numerical differentiation and integration
- iv. Use the numerical techniques for solving all the different types of ordinary and partial differential equations

7. Details of Course:

Unit	Contents	Contact
No.		Hours
1.	Linear Algebraic Equations: Introduction, Gauss-Elimination,	8
	Gauss-Siedel and LU Decomposition methods, Thomas' algorithm.	
2.	Nonlinear Algebraic Equations: Single variable and multivariable	6
	successive substitution method, single variable and multivariable	
	Newton-Raphsontechnique,Polynomial root finding methods.	
3.	Function Approximation: Least squares curve fit, Newton's	8
	interpolation formulae, Lagrangian interpolation, Pade approximation,	
	Cubic spline approximation. Numerical differentiation & Integration.	
4.	Ordinary Differential Equations - Initial Value Problems: Explicit	10
	Adams Bashforth technique, Implicit Adams-Moulton technique,	
	Predictor-corrector technique, Runge-Kutta methods, Stability of	
	algorithms.	
	Ordinary Differential Equations - Boundary Value Problems:	
	Finite difference technique, Orthogonal Collocation (OC), Shooting	
	Techniques.	
5.	Partial Differential Equations: Partial Differential Equations (PDE)	6
	- Classification of PDE, Finite difference technique (Method of lines),	
	Case Studies. Use of spreadsheets.	



(A) Text **Books:**

S.No.	Authors / Name of Book / Publisher	Year of
		Publication
1	Sastry, S. S., Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis,	2012
	5 th Ed., PHI, New Delhi.	
2	Gupta, S. K., Numerical Methods for Engineers, 4 th Ed. New	2019
	Age International Ltd., New Delhi.	

S.No.	Authors / Name of Book / Publisher	Year of
		Publication
1	Constantinides, A., and Mostoufi, N., Numerical Methods for	1999
	Chemical Engineers with MATLAB Applications, Prentice Hall.	
2	Hanna, O.T. and Sandall, O. C., Computational Methods in	1995
	Chemical Engineering, Prentice-Hall.	
3	Davis, M. E., Numerical Methods & Modeling for Chemical	1984
	Engineers, John Wiley.	
4.	Finlayson Bruce A., Introduction to Chemical Engineering	2012
	Computing, Wiley.	



1. Subject Code: 22CHT204 Course Title: Fluid Mechanics

2. Contact Hours: L:3 T: 1 P: 03. Credits: 4 Semester: III

4. Pre-requisite: Nil5. Course Objective:

To understand the basic principles of fluid mechanics and acquiring the ability to analyze fluid flow problems with the application of the momentum and energy equations. The studentare also to be made familiar with understanding of pipe flows as well as fluid machinery.

- 6. Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:
 - i. To understand types of flows, various laws related to fluid flow and concept of fluid friction and its determination
 - ii. To understand principles and working of various fluid moving devices.
- iii. To illustrate the principles of fluid flow on some real systems such as piping, porous beds, fluidized beds, metering devices and fluid machinery.
- iv. To understand and apply the concept of Boundary layer

Unit	Contents	Contact
No.		Hours
1.	Introduction: Overview, Properties of fluids, Pressure measurement,	3
	Types of flows, Method of describing fluid motion	
2.	Fluid Flow Equations: Continuity equation for compressible and	12
	incompressible fluids. Bernoulli's equation, Euler's equation,	
	introduction to Navier-Stokes equation.	
3.	Flow Measuring Devices: Venturimeter, Orificemeter, Rotameter, Pitot	4
	tube, etc.	
4.	Flow of Incompressible Fluids: Relationship between shear stress and	8
	pressure gradient, laminar and turbulent flow, Hagen-Poiseuille	
	equation, friction loss in flow, velocity profile and boundary layer	
	calculations for turbulent flow	
5.	Flow through Packed and Fluidized Beds	4
6.	Transportation of Fluids: Valves, pipe fittings and their standards,	9
	equivalent length of pipe fittings, Pumps (positive displacement and	
	centrifugal), compressors fans and blowers	



(A) Text Books

S.No.	Authors / Name of Book / Publisher	Year of
		Publication
1.	Streeter, V. L. and Wylie, "Fluid Mechanics," 8th Ed., McGraw-	1985
	Hill, New York.	
2.	McCabe, W.L., Smith, J.C., and Harriott, P., "Unit Operations of	2017
	Chemical Engineering", 7 th Ed., McGraw Hill.	

S.No.	Authors / Name of Book / Publisher	Year of
		Publication
1.	Gupta, S. K., "Momentum Transfer Operations," 2 nd Ed. Tata	1982
	McGraw-Hill.	
2.	Coulson, J. M. and Richardson, J. F., "Chemical Engineering,"	2017
	Vol. 1, Asian books, New Delhi.	



1. Subject Code: 22CHT205 Course Title: Mechanical Operations

2. Contact Hours: L:3 T:1 P:03. Credits: 4 Semester: III

4. Pre-requisite: NIL

- 5. Course Objective: To understand basic principles of various mechanical operations, construction, and working of the equipment
- 6. Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:
 - i. Understand fluid particle systems and equipment
 - ii. Select suitable size reduction equipment, solid-solid separation method, conveying systemand analyze mixing processes
- iii. Understand the fluid flow and design of filtration and sedimentation processes

7. Details of Course:

Unit	Contents	Contact
No.		Hours
1	Size Reduction: Principles of crushing and grinding, Determination of	10
	mean particle size and size distribution, Laws of crushing and grinding,	
	Energy required for size reduction, crushing and grinding equipment,	
	closed and open circuit grinding.	
2	Screen Analysis and Size Separation: Types of screens, mesh number	8
	and size distribution, different types of screening, effectiveness of screen,	
	Particle size analysis, separation efficiency and screening equipment.	
3	Solid-Liquid-Gas Separation: Theory of Filtration, Filtration	10
	equipment, equations for compressible and incompressible cakes,	
	Constant volume and Constant Pressure Filtration, Press Filter, Rotary	
	drum and vacuum filter. Fiber and fabric filters, sedimentation,	
	classifiers and thickeners, Centrifuges- Principles and applications,	
	Cyclone separators and electrostatic precipitator- Principles and	
	applications.	
4	Fluidization: Fluidization of solids and its applications, Hydraulic and	6
	Pneumatic transport of solids.	
5	Mixing: Mixing of liquids and solids, Power requirement in mixing.	6
	Storage and Handling of Materials: Hoppers and bins, Mechanical and	
	pneumatic conveying systems.	



(A) Text Books

S.No.	Authors / Name of Book / Publisher	Year of
		Publication
1	McCabe, W.L., Smith, J.C., and Harriott, P., "Unit Operations of	2017
	Chemical Engineering", 7 th Ed., McGraw Hill.	
2	Brown, G. G., "Unit Operations," CBS Publishers & Distributors,	2005
	New Delhi.	
3	Coulson, J. H. and Richardson, J. F., Backhurst, J. R., and Harker,	1998
	J.H., "Coulson & Richardson's Chemical Engineering," Vol. 2,	
	4 th Ed., Asian Books Private Ltd., New Delhi.	

S.No.	Authors / Name of Book / Publisher	Year of
		Publication
1	Perry, R. H. and Green, D.W., "Perry's Chemical Engineers'	2018
	Handbook," 9 th Ed., McGraw-Hill.	
2	Foust, A.S., et al., "Principles of Unit Operations", 2 nd Ed., John	1980
	Wiley, Singapore.	
3	Chattopadhyay, P. "Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering", Vol.	1998
	I., Khanna Publishers, Delhi.	
4	Anup Swain, Hemlata Patra, G K Roy, "Mechanical Operations",	2017
	McGraw Hill Education	



1. Subject Code: 22CHT201 Course Title: Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics-II

- 2. Contact Hours: L:3 T:1 P:0
- 3. Credits: 4 Semester: III
- 4. Pre-requisite: Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics-I
- 5. Course Objective: To learn and apply the principles of phase equilibrium and chemical equilibrium to analyze the problems.
- 6. Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:
 - i. Understand the concepts of multi-component systems
 - ii. To apply phase equilibria using various thermodynamic models
 - iii. To grasp the calculation of chemical reaction equilibria

7. Details of Course:

Unit	Contents	Contact
No.		Hours
1.	Multi-component Systems: Chemical potential, ideal-gas mixture,	10
	ideal solution, Raoult's Law. Partial properties, fugacity and fugacity	
	coefficient, generalized correlations for the fugacity coefficient, excess	
	Gibbs' energy, activity coefficient.	
2.	Phase Equilibria at Low to Moderate Pressures: Phase rule, phase	10
	behavior for vapor liquid systems, Margules equation, Van Laar	
	equation, Wilson equation, NRTL equation, UNIQUAC, UNIFAC.	
	Dew point, bubble point and flash calculations.	
3.	Solution Thermodynamics: Ideal solution, fundamental residual-	10
	property relation, fundamental excess-property relation. Evaluation of	
	partial properties. Heat effects of mixing processes. Partially miscible	
	systems.	
4.	Chemical Reaction Equilibria: Reaction coordinate, equilibrium	10
	criteria to chemical reactions, standard Gibbs' energy change and the	
	equilibrium constant. Effect of temperature on the equilibrium constant,	
	evaluation of equilibrium constants. Relations between equilibrium	
	constants and compositions: gas-phase reactions, liquid-phase reactions,	
	heterogeneous reaction mixtures. Calculation of equilibrium	
	compositions for single-phase reactions. Multi-reaction equilibria.	



(A) Text Books

S.No.	Authors / Name of Book / Publisher	Year of
		Publication
1	Smith, J. M., Van Ness, H. C. and Abbott, M. M., "Introduction to	2009
	Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics", 7 th Ed., McGraw-Hill.	
2	Rao, Y. V. C., "Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics,"	1997
	University Press.	

S.No.	Authors / Name of Book / Publisher	Year of
		Publication
1	Sandler, S.I., "Chemical and Engineering Thermodynamics", 3 rd Ed.,	1998
	John-Wiley & Sons.	



1. Subject Code: 22CHT203 Course Title: Conventional and Alternate Energy Resources

2. Contact Hours: L: 3 T: 0 P: 03. Credits: 3 Semester: VII

4. Pre-requisite: Nil.

- 5. Objective: To study various types of conventional and non-conventional energy resources including solid, liquid and gaseous fuels.
- 6. Course Outcomes: Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:
 - i. Work in energy-related fields by providing an overview of the challenges related to energy production
 - ii. Understand environmental and economic issues related to energy production
 - iii. Carry out a comparative analysis of different types of coal, including their treatment, liquefaction and gasification
 - iv. Compare the liquid and gaseous fuels sourced from petroleum including their characterization
 - v. Analyse the potential of alternate energy sources and their scope and limitations

7. Details of Course:

Unit	Contents	Contact
No.		Hours
1.	Energy Scenario: Energy resources spectrum, Classification of various	2
	energy sources, Renewable and non-renewable energy sources, Present	
	and future energy demands, Energy crisis, Pattern of energy	
	consumption, Efficiency of energy resources	
2.	Solid Fuels: Coal: Origin, formation, Properties, proximate and ultimate	8
	analyses, heating value, classification, washing and carbonization,	
	Treatment of coal gas, Recovery of chemicals from coal tar, Coal	
	gasification, Liquid fuel synthesis from coal, Carbonization of coal,	
	Briquetting of fines, electricity generation from coal.	
3.	Liquid and Gaseous Fuels:Petroleum origin and processing, various	8
	types of fuels, Properties and handling. Natural and liquefied petroleum	
	gases, CNG, Gas hydrates, Gasification of liquid fuels, Hydrogen as a	
	fuel, fuel cell	
4.	Biomass Energy: Biomass types, characterization, pyrolysis, gasification,	8
	biochemical conversion routes, biogas, fuel alcohol, biodiesel.	
5.	Alternate Energy Sources: Wind power, Geothermal energy, Tidal	14
	energy, Nuclear power	
	Solar Energy: Solar insolation, flat plate and focusing collectors, solar	
	space heating and cooling, solar pond, solar cells and storage.	



(A) Text Books

S.No.	Authors / Name of Book / Publisher	Year of
		Publication
1	Gupta, O.P., Elements of Fuel, Furnaces and Refractories,	1996
	Khanna Publishers.	
2	Brame J.S.S. and King J.G., Edward Arnold "Fuel Solid, Liquid	1967
	and Gases" Edward Arnold.	
3	Rai, G.D., Non-Conventional Energy Sources, Khanna	2001
	Publishers.	

S.No.	Authors / Name of Book / Publisher	Year of
		Publication
1	Twiddle, J. Weir, T. "Renewable Energy Resources," Cambridge	1986
	University Press.	
2	Sorenson, B, "Renewable Energy", 3 rd Ed., Elsevier Science.	2004
3	Sukhatme S.P, Solar Energy - Principles of Thermal	1996
	Collection and Storage, Tata McGraw- Hill.	



1. Subject Code: 22MST241

Course Title: Fundamentals of Materials Science and Engineering

(To be taught by Material Research Centre)

2. Contact Hours: L: 3 T: 0 P: 0

3. Credits: 3 Semester: III

4. Pre-requisite: Nil

5. Course Objective:

The objective of this course is to provide basic understanding of the structure, properties and applications of materials to the undergraduate students. The course will also introduce the students to phases and enable them to understand the phenomenon pf phase transformations in materials.

- 6. Course Outcome: Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:
 - i. Classify various classes of materials and explain their structures and imperfections.
 - ii. Construct the phase diagrams of some systems and interpret the phase transformations
- iii. Explain the types and applications of ceramics and polymers
- iv. Understand and appreciate the distinctive properties of materials.

v.

Unit	Course content	Contact
No.		Hours
1.	Introduction: Why study materials science and engineering? Review of basic types of interatomic bonds, Classification of materials, Processing/structure/properties/ performance correlations.	3
2.	Structure and Imperfections:Lattices, Unit cells, Miller indices of directions and planes for cubic and hexagonal systems, Close packing in solids, Common metallic structures, Voids in close-packed structures, Common ceramics structures – NaCl, CsCl, Diamond Cubic, Zinc Blende, Wurtzite, Rutile, Fluorite, Fullerenes, Spinel, Perovskite, etc., Polycrystalline materials, X-Ray diffraction for determination of crystal structures, Solid state diffusion – Ficks laws of diffusion, Diffusion mechanisms, Temperature dependence of diffusivity, Defects in crystals - Point defects, Dislocations, Grain boundaries and Surfaces	10
3.	Phase Diagrams and Phase Transformations: Phase rule, Solid solutions, Hume-Rothery rules, Intermediate phases and compounds, Unary and binary phase diagrams, Isomorphous and eutectic systems, Lever rule, Typical phase diagrams: Fe-C, Cu-Ni, Cu-Zn etc. Classification of phase transformations, Liquid to solid transformation, Homogeneous and heterogeneous Nucleation, Nucleation growth and	8



	overall transformations, Kinetic considerations in solid state	
	transformations, Microstructure evolution during solidification in	
	isomorphous system.	_
4.	Ceramics and polymers: Types and applications of Glasses, Glass-	7
	Ceramics, Clay products, Abrasives, Cements.	
	Introduction to polymers, Types of polymerizations, Molecular weight,	
	shape, structure and configuration, Thermoplastic and Thermosetting	
	polymers. Glass transition, melting and glass transition temperature,	
	factors affecting melting and glass transition temperatures. Plastics,	
	elastomers, fibres, Advanced polymeric materials, Some applications	
	of polymers	
5.	Properties of Materials	11
	Mechanical Properties: Stress-strain response of metallic, ceramic and polymer materials, yield strength, tensile strength and modulus of elasticity, toughness, plastic deformation, fatigue, creep and fracture; Electronic Properties: Free electron theory, Fermi energy, density of states, elements of band theory, semiconductors, Hall effect, dielectric behaviour, piezo, ferro, pyroelectric materials; Magnetic Properties: Origin of magnetism in metallic and ceramic materials, paramagnetism, diamagnetism, ferro and ferrimagnetism; Thermal Properties: Specific heat, thermal conductivity and thermal expansion, thermoelectricity. Optical Properties: Refractive index, absorption and transmission of electromagnetic radiation in solids, electrooptic and magneto-optic materials, spontaneous and stimulated emission, gas and solid state lasers.	

(A) Text Books

S.No.	Authors / Name of Book / Publisher	Year of
		Publication
1.	V. Raghavan, "Materials Science and Engineering- A First Course",	2004
	5 th Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi	
2.	W. D. Callister, Jr. and D. G. Rethwisch, "Materials Science and	
	Engineering- An Introduction", 10 th edition, John Wiley and Sons,	
	Inc.	



1. Subject Code: 22CHP206 Course Title: Fluid Mechanics Lab

2. Contact Hours: L: 0 T: 0 P: 23. Credits: 1 Semester: III

4. Pre-requisite: Studying/completed Fluid Mechanics course

5. Course Objective:

To provide hands on practice in estimating friction losses in pipe line flow, estimating equivalent length for fittings, understanding of pressure drop and flow in packed and fluidized bed. To impart training to use various flow measuring devices for making engineering judgments.

- 6. Course Outcome: Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:
- vi. Estimate the friction and measure the frictional losses in fluid flow.
- vii. Experiment with flow measurement devices like venture meter and orifice meter.
- viii. Predict the coefficient of discharge for flow through pipes
 - ix. Understand Bernoulli's theorem and its applications
 - x. Predict pressure drop in packed and fluidized bed.

Experiment	Objectives	Contact
No.		Hours
1.	Determination of head losses in the pipe fitting and valves at	3
	various flow rates by determining the loss coefficient for pipe	
	fittings and valves.	
2.	Experimental verification of Bernoulli's equation and	3
	graphically justifying the observations on total energy vs.	
	distance line.	
3.	Measurement of flow discharge through Venturimeter and	3
	Orificemeter by determining the coefficient of discharge.	
4.	Determining the friction factor and friction losses in circular	3
	and non-circular pipes.	
5.	Studying the flow through a fluidized bed and determining the	3
	pressure drop and minimum fluidization velocity.	
6.	Studying the characteristics of a packed bed and determining	3
	the pressure drop.	
7.	Studying the Reynolds Apparatus to identify the nature of fluid	3
	flow.	
8.	Determining the friction factor and losses due to pipes.	3
9.	Centrifugal Pump Test Rig	3
10.	Reciprocating Pump Test Rig	3



(A) Text Books

S.No.	Authors / Name of Book / Publisher	Year of
		Publication
1.	Streeter, V. L. and Wylie, "Fluid Mechanics,"8 th Ed., McGraw-Hill,	1985
	New York.	
2.	McCabe, W.L., Smith, J.C., and Harriott, P., "Unit Operations of	2017
	Chemical Engineering", 7 th Ed., McGraw Hill.	

S.No.	Authors / Name of Book / Publisher	Year of
		Publication
1.	Gupta, S. K., "Momentum Transfer Operations," 2 nd Ed. Tata	1982
	McGraw-Hill.	
2.	Coulson, J. M. and Richardson, J. F., "Chemical Engineering," Vol. 1,	1998
	Asian books, New Delhi.	



1. Subject Code: 22CHP207 Course Title: Mechanical Operations Lab

2. Contact Hours: L: 0 T: 0 P: 2 3. Credits: 1 Semester: III

4. Pre-requisite: Studying/completed Mechanical Operations course

5. Course Objective:

To understand the importance of various mechanical operations used in process industry. To apply principles of basic sciences and chemical engineering for designing various size reduction, size separation and conveying equipment.

- 6. Course Outcome: Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to:
 - i. To apply the principles of various fluid particle mechanics unit operations through experimentation
 - ii. To demonstrate the ability to understand the various equipment used in chemical and allied process industry

Experiment	Objective	Contact
No.		Hours
1.	Determining the efficiency of the Jaw crusher for crushing a	3
	material of known weight of feed.	
2.	Calculating the efficiency of a ball mill for grinding a material	3
	of known work index by using variable speed ball mill.	
	Determination of critical speed of ball mill	
3.	Studying the motion of solid particle moving through a liquid	3
	to determine its drag coefficient and to obtain the relation	
	between drag coefficient vs. particle Reynolds number.	
4.	Studying the operation of Elutriator and to determine the water	3
	velocity at varying condition.	
5.	Separation of different particle sizes using screen analysis and	3
	estimating the efficiency of the screen used.	
6.	Studying the Power number vs. Reynolds number for the given	3
	set of impellers in agitated vessels.	
7.	Understanding working principle of continuous type thickener	3
	and to determine the concentration of product obtained at the	
	different heights of sampling points.	
8.	Understanding the performance of a vacuum rotary drum filter	3
	by determining the specific cake resistance for given slurry of	
	CaCO _{3.}	
9.	Understanding the operation of cyclone separator and	3
	determining is collection efficiency.	
10.	Understanding of the operation of Plate and Frame Filter Press	3
	by calculating the medium resistance and the specific cake	
	resistance.	



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1	McCabe, W.L., Smith, J.C., and Harriott, P., "Unit Operations of	2017
	Chemical Engineering", 7 th Ed., McGraw Hill.	
2	Brown, G. G., et al, "Unit Operations," CBS Publishers &	1995
	Distributors, New Delhi.	
3	Coulson, J. H. and Richardson, J. F., Backhurst, J. R., and Harker,	1998
	J.H., "Coulson & Richardson's Chemical Engineering," Vol. 2,	
	4 th Ed., Asian Books Private Ltd., New Delhi.	

S.No.	Authors / Name of Book / Publisher	Year of
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	Handbook," 9 th Ed., McGraw-Hill.	
2	Foust, A.S., et al., "Principles of Unit Operations", 2 nd Ed., John	1980
	Wiley, Singapore.	
3	Chattopadhyay, P. "Unit Operations of Chemical Engineering", Vol.	1998
	I., Khanna Publishers, Delhi.	